

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

1021 North Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Mary A. Gade, Director

217/782-0610

February 19, 1999

MICHAEL CERVINKA ARROW GEAR COMPANY 2301 CURTISS ST DOWNERS GROVE, IL. 60515

Re: ARROW GEAR COMPANY - DOWNERS GROVE FACILITY

NPDES Permit No. ILR005775

Notice of Coverage under General Permit

Dear NPDES Permittee:

We have reviewed your application and determined that storm water discharges associated with industrial activity (excluding construction sites) are appropriately covered by the attached General NPDES Permit issued by the Agency.

The permit as issued covers application requirements, a storm water pollution prevention plan, and reporting requirements. The storm water pollution prevention plan must be completed within 180 days of this notification of coverage and shall provide for compliance within 365 days of this notification of coverage.

Failure to meet any portion of the permit could result in civil and/or criminal penalties. The Agency is ready and willing to assist you in interpreting any of the conditions of the Permit as they relate specifically to your discharge.

The Permit is applied to your discharge effective on the date of this letter. You have the right to appeal the Agency's decision to cover your discharge by the General Permit to the Illinois Pollution Control Board within a 35 day period following the date of this letter.

Enclosed for your use are five annual inspection report forms to be used for the submission of the report required by Section G Reporting.

This letter shows your facility permit number below your facility name. Please reference this number in all future correspondence. Should you have any questions concerning the Permit, please contact the Permit Section at 217/782-0610.

Very truly yours,

Thomas G. McSwiggin, P.E. Manager, Permit Section

Division of Water Pollution Control

cc: Records Unit Region 2

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Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
1021 North Grand East
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

General NPDES Permit For Industrial Storm Water

Expiration Date:

May 31, 2003

Issue Date:

May 19, 1998

Effective Date:

June 1, 1998

Discharges authorized by this General Permit: In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, the Illinois Pollution Control Board Rules and Regulations (35 Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C, Chapter 1) and the Clean Water Act, the following discharges may be authorized by this permit in accordance with the conditions herein:

Discharges of storm water associated with industrial activity, as defined and limited herein. Storm water means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

This general permit regulates only storm water discharges from a facility. Other discharges such as process wastewater or cooling water shall be regulated by other NPDES permits.

Receiving waters: Discharges may be authorized to any surface water of the State.

To receive authorization to discharge under this general permit, a facility operator must either submit an application as described in the permit conditions to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or have a valid Illinois General NPDES Permit for industrial storm water. Authorization, if granted, will be by letter and include a copy of this permit.

Thomas G. McSwiggin, P.E. Manager, Permit Section

Division of Water Pollution Control

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A. APPLICABILITY OF THIS GENERAL PERMIT

This permit is applicable to new and existing storm water discharges associated with industrial activity in the State of Illinois from the facilities listed below.

- 1. Discharges of storm water from facilities whose process wastewater discharges are subject to new source performance standards or toxic pollutant effluent standards under 40 CFR Subchapter N, except:
 - a. discharges subject to new source performance standards or toxic pollutant effluent standards and described in paragraph A.8. below which do not have materials or activities exposed to storm water:
 - b. discharges subject to storm water effluent limitations guidelines listed in B.1. of this permit.
- 2. Discharges from manufacturing facilities in the following categories:

SIC 24	(Lumber and wood products except furniture) except SIC 2434 (Wood kitchen cabinets)
SIC 26	(Paper and allied products) except SIC 265 (Paperboard containers and boxes from purchased paperboard) and
	SIC 267 (Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes)
SIC 28	(Chemicals and allied products) except SIC 283 (Drugs)
SIC 29	(Petroleum refining and related industries), except discharges subject to 40 CFR 419
SIC 311	(Leather tanning and finishing)
SIC 32	(Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products) except SIC 323 (Glass products made of purchased glass)
SIC 33	(Primary metal industries)
SIC 3441	(Fabricated structural metal)
SIC 373	(Ship and boat building and repairing)

- 3. Facilities classified as SIC Codes 10-14 (Mineral Industry) including active or inactive mining operations and oil and gas exploration, production, processing, treatment operations, or transmission facilities, except discharges subject to 40 CFR 434, 436, or 440.
- 4. Landfills, land application sites (excluding land application sites which utilize agricultural land), and open dumps that receive or have received any industrial wastes (waste that is received from any of the facilities described in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14).
- 5. Facilities involved in the recycling of materials including metal scrapyards, battery reclaimers, salvage yards, and automobile junkyards including but not limited to SIC 5015 (Used motor vehicle parts) and SIC 5093 (Scrap and waste materials)
- 6. Transportation facilities-portions of the following facilities involved in vehicle maintenance (including vehicle rehabilitation, mechanical repairs, painting, fueling, and lubrication), equipment cleaning operations, or airport deicing operations:

SIC 40	(Railroad transportation)
SIC 41	(Local and suburban transit and inter-urban highway passenger transportation)

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SIC 42	(Motor freight transportation and warehousing) except SIC 4221-4225 (Farm product warehousing and storage, refrigerated warehousing and storage, general warehousing and storage)
SIC 43	(United States Postal Service)
SIC 44	(Water transportation)
SIC 45	(Transportation by air)
SIC 5171	(Petroleum hulk stations and terminals wholesale)

- 7. Treatment Works treating domestic sewage that are owned or operated by municipalities with a population of 100,000 people or more or that are privately-owned with a design flow of 1.0 mgd or more; includes sludge or wastewater treatment devices or systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal or domestic sewage, and land dedicated to sludge disposal located within the confines of the facility; excludes off-site sludge management lands, farm lands, and gardens.
- 8. Facilities in the following SIC Codes with storm water discharges from areas (except access roads and rail lines) where material, handling equipment or activities, raw materials, intermediate products, final products, waste materials, by-products, or industrial machinery are exposed to storm water.

SIC 20	(Food and kindred products manufacturing or processing)
SIC 21	(Tobacco products)
SIC 22	(Textile mill products)
SIC 23	(Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials)
SIC 2434	(Wood kitchen cabinets)
SIC 25	(Furniture and fixtures)
SIC 265	(Paperboard containers and boxes)
SIC 267	(Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes)
SIC 27	(Printing, publishing, and allied industries)
SIC 283	(Drugs)
SIC 285	(Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, and allied products)
SIC 30	(Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products)
SIC 31	(Leather and leather products) except SIC 311 (Leather tanning and finishing)
SIC 323	(Glass products, made of purchased glass)
SIC 34	(Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment) except SIC 3441 (Fabricated
	structural metal)
SIC 35	(Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment)
SIC 36	(Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment)
SIC 37	(Transportation equipment) except SIC 373 (Ship and boat building and repairing)
SIC 38	(Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical, and optical goods; watches and clocks)
SIC 39	(Miscellaneous manufacturing industries)
SIC 4221-25	(Farm products warehousing and storage, refrigerated warehousing and storage, general warehousing and
	storage)

B. TYPES OF DISCHARGES NOT COVERED BY THIS PERMIT

This permit is not applicable to storm water discharges from the following facilities:

1. Discharges subject to storm water effluent limitations guidelines in the following categories;

Cement Manufacturing (40 CFR 411)
Feed-ots (40 CFR 412)
Fertilizer Manufacturing (40 CFR 418)
Petroleum Refining (40 CFR 419)
Phosphate Manufacturing (40 CFR 422)
Steam Electric (40 CFR 423)
Coal Mining (40 CFR 434)
Mineral Mining and Processing (40 CFR 436)
Ore Mining and Dressing (40 CFR 440)
Asphalt Emulsion (40 CFR 443)

- 2. Hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities.
- 3. Steam electric power generating facilities, including coal handling sites.

- 4. Construction activity including clearing, grading and excavation activities.
- 5. Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from facilities with an existing NPDES individual or general permit for the storm water discharges.
- 6. Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity which are identified by the Agency as possibly causing or contributing to a violation of water quality standards.
- 7. Storm water discharges associated with inactive mining or inactive oil and gas operations occurring on Federal lands where an operator cannot be identified.
- 8. Storm water discharges that the Agency determines are not appropriately covered by this general permit.

This permit does not authorize the discharge of hazardous substances or oil resulting from an on-site spill, and does not supercede any reporting requirements for spills or releases of hazardous substances or oil.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Prohibition on non-storm water discharges
 - a. Except as provided in C. 1. b. below, all discharges covered by this permit shall be composed entirely of storm water.
 - b. i. Except as provided in C. 1 .b. ii. below, discharges of material other than storm water must be in compliance with an NPDES permit (other than this permit) issued for the discharge.
 - The following non-storm water discharges may be authorized by this permit provided the non-storm water component of the discharges is in compliance with paragraph E.7. of this permit: discharges from fire fighting activities; fire hydrant flushings; waters used to wash vehicles without the use of detergents or control dust; potable water sources including waterline flushings; imigation drainages; lawn watering; routine external building washdown which does not use detergents; pavement washwaters where spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have not occurred (unless all spilled material has been removed) and where detergents are not used; air conditioning condensate; springs; uncontaminated ground water; and foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials such as solvents.

D. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

- Dischargers that are covered by a valid Illinois General NPDES Permit for industrial storm water as of September 30, 1997 are automatically covered by this permit unless they request otherwise prior to the effective date of this permit. Other dischargers seeking coverage under this general permit shall provide the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) with the following information:
 - A completed IEPA Notice of Intent form, accompanied by quantitative sampling data for the storm water discharge(s) if available;
 or
 - b. A completed U.S. EPA Form 1, including Form 2F and quantitative sampling data if available; or
 - A completed U.S. EPA Notice of Intent form, accompanied by quantitative sampling data for the storm water discharge(s) if available.
- 2. Quantitative sampling data as required by U.S. EPA Form 2F for storm water discharges from the following facilities is required to be submitted, unless the facility is a participant in a group application accepted by U.S. EPA.
 - a. Facilities subject to reporting requirements under Section 313 of EPCRA for chemicals classified as "Section 313 water priority chemicals": Storm water discharges that come into contact with any equipment, tank, container, or other vessel or area used for storage of a Section 313 water priority chemical, or located at a truck or rail car unloading area where a Section 313 water priority chemical is handled.
 - b. Facilities classified as SIC 33 (Primary Metal Industries).
 - Active or inactive landfills, land application sites, or open dumps without a stabilized final cover which have received any industrial
 wastes.

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- d. Wood treatment facilities: Storm water discharges from areas that are used for wood treatment, wood surface application, or storage of treated or surface protected wood.
- e. Coal pile runoff at industrial facilities other than coal mines.
- f. Battery reclaiming facilities: Storm water discharges from areas used for storage of lead acid batteries, reclamation products, or waste products, and areas used for lead acid battery reclamation.
- g. Airports with over 50,000 flight operations per year: storm water discharges from aircraft or airport deicing areas.
- h. Meat packing plants, poultry packing plants, and facilities that manufacture animal and marine fats and oils.
- Facilities classified as SIC 28 (Chemicals and Allied Products) and SIC 30 (Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products): Storm water discharges that come into contact with solid chemical storage piles.
- j. Automobile junkyards: Storm water discharges exposed to over 250 auto/truck bodies with drivelines, over 250 drivelines, or any combination thereof (in whole or in parts); over 500 auto/truck units (bodies with or without drivelines in whole or in parts); or over 100 units per year are dismantled and drainage or storage of automotive fluids occurs in areas exposed to storm water.
- k. Lime manufacturing facilities: Storm water discharges that have come into contact with lime storage piles.
- 1. Cement manufacturing facilities and cement kilns: Storm water discharges other than those subject to 40 CFR 411.
- m. Ready-mixed concrete facilities. Sampling data is not required for new ready-mixed concrete facilities or for relocated ready-mixed concrete facilities.
- n. Ship building and repairing facilities.
- 3. When a facility has two or more outfalls that, based on consideration of features and activities within the area drained by the outfall, the permittee reasonably believes discharge substantially identical effluents, the permittee may sample the effluent of one such outfall and report that quantitative data also applied to the substantially identical outfalls. If the applicant is requesting approval to sample a representative outfall, identification of all storm water outfalls considered to be substantially identical along with the outfall being used to represent such outfalls and appropriate justification must be provided with the application.
- 4. For existing facilities with an individual NPDES permit covering storm water associated with industrial activity, or those facilities who have previously submitted an application for an individual permit and not yet received a permit, the permittee/applicant may elect to seek coverage under this general permit in place of obtaining an individual permit. To be considered for coverage the permittee/applicant is required to submit the above information following the general permit issue date.
- 5. For new facilities, the NOI and required information shall be submitted 180 days prior to the date on which the discharge is to commence unless permission for a later date has been granted by the IEPA. Mobile facilities (such as concrete or asphalt batch plants) shall apply at least 30 days prior to discharge.
- 6. For purposes of the permit an existing facility shall be considered a facility which discharged storm water associated with industrial activity prior to the application deadline set by the U.S. EPA storm water regulations. A new facility is a facility which generates storm water after, but not before the deadline.
- 7. The required information shall be submitted to the following address:

Minors Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Permit Section Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

8. In any case where an NPDES Permit has been timely applied for but final administrative disposition of such application has not been made, it shall not be a violation of Section 12-F of the Environmental Protection Act to discharge without such permit unless the complainant proves that final administrative disposition has not been made because of the failure of the applicant to furnish information reasonably required or requested in order to process the application. For purposes of this provision, participation in a group application filed with U.S. EPA shall be deemed an application filed with the Agency. This provision does not relieve the applicant from the responsibility for compliance with any other requirement of the Act or regulations promulgated under the Act.

Facilities which discharge storm water associated with industrial activity to a municipal separate storm sewer system shall notify the
municipality, and shall provide the municipality with a copy of their application if requested.

E. STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

- 1. A storm water pollution prevention plan shall be developed by the permittee for each facility covered by this permit. The plan shall identify potential sources of pollution which may be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the industrial activity at the facility. In addition, the plan shall describe and ensure the implementation of practices which are to be used to reduce the pollutants in storm water discharges associated with industrial activity at the facility and to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.
- 2. The plan shall be completed within 180 days of notification by the Agency of coverage by this permit or in the case of new facilities, prior to submitting an NOI to be covered under this permit. Plans shall provide for compliance with the terms of the plan within 365 days of notification by the Agency of coverage by this permit, or in the case of new facilities, prior to submitting an NOI to be covered under this permit. [Note: If the plan has already been required to be developed under a previous permit it shall be maintained in accordance with all requirements of this special condition.]. The owner or operator of a facility with storm water discharges covered by this permit shall make a copy of the plan available to the Agency at any reasonable time upon request.

Facilities which discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer system shall also make a copy available to the operator of the municipal system at any reasonable time upon request.

- 3. The permittee may be notified by the Agency at any time that the plan does not meet the requirements of this permit. After such notification, the permittee shall make changes to the plan and shall submit a written certification that the requested changes have been made. Unless otherwise provided, the permittee shall have 30 days after such notification to make the changes.
- 4. The discharger shall amend the plan whenever there is a change in construction, operation, or maintenance which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to the waters of the State or if a facility inspection required by paragraph E.8. of this permit indicates that an amendment is needed. The plan should also be amended if the discharger is in violation of any conditions of this permit, or has not achieved the general objectives of controlling pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments to the plan shall be made within the shortest reasonable period of time, and shall be provided to the Agency for review upon request.
- 5. The plan shall provide a description of potential sources which may be expected to add significant quantities of pollutants to storm water discharges, or which may result in non-storm water discharges from the facility. The plan shall include, at a minimum, the following items:
 - a. A topographic map extending one-quarter mile beyond the property boundaries of the facility, showing: the facility, surface water bodies, wells (including injection wells), seepage pits, infiltration ponds, and the discharge points where the facility's storm water discharges to a municipal storm drain system or other water body. The requirements of this paragraph may be included on the site map if appropriate.
 - b. A site map showing:
 - i. The storm water conveyance and discharge structures;
 - ii. An outline of the storm water drainage areas for each storm water discharge point;
 - iii. Paved areas and buildings;
 - iv. Areas used for outdoor manufacturing, storage, or disposal of significant materials, including activities that generate significant quantities of dust or particulates.
 - v. Location of existing storm water structural control measures (dikes, coverings, detention facilities, etc.);
 - vi. Surface water locations and/or municipal storm drain locations.
 - vii. Areas of existing and potential soil erosion;
 - viii. Vehicle service areas:

- ix. Material loading, unloading, and access areas.
- c. A narrative description of the following:
 - i. The nature of the industrial activities conducted at the site, including a description of significant materials that are treated, stored or disposed of in a manner to allow exposure to storm water;
 - Materials, equipment, and vehicle management practices employed to minimize contact of significant materials with storm water discharges;
 - iii. Existing structural and non-structural control measures to reduce pollutants in storm water discharges;
 - iv. Industrial storm water discharge treatment facilities;
 - v. Methods of onsite storage and disposal of significant materials;
- d. A list of the types of pollutants that have a reasonable potential to be present in storm water discharges in significant quantities.
- e. An estimate of the size of the facility in acres or square feet, and the percent of the facility that has impervious areas such as pavement or buildings.
- f. A summary of existing sampling data describing pollutants in storm water discharges.
- 6. The plan shall describe the storm water management controls which will be implemented by the facility. The appropriate controls shall reflect identified existing and potential sources of pollutants at the facility. The description of the storm water management controls shall include:
 - a. Storm Water Pollution Prevention Personnel Identification by job titles of the individuals who are responsible for developing, implementing, and revising the plan.
 - b. Preventive Maintenance Procedures for inspection and maintenance of storm water conveyance system devices such as oil/water separators, catch basins, etc., and inspection and testing of plant equipment and systems that could fail and result in discharges of pollutants to storm water.
 - c. Good Housekeeping Good housekeeping requires the maintenance of clean, orderly facility areas that discharge storm water. Material handling areas shall be inspected and cleaned to reduce the potential for pollutants to enter the storm water conveyance system.
 - d. Spill Prevention and Response Identification of areas where significant materials can spill into or otherwise enter the storm water conveyance systems and their accompanying drainage points. Specific material handling procedures, storage requirements, spill clean up equipment and procedures should be identified, as appropriate. Internal notification procedures for spills of significant materials should be established.
 - e. Storm Water Management Practices Storm water management practices are practices other than those which control the source of pollutants. They include measures such as installing oil and grit separators, diverting storm water into retention basins, etc. Based on assessment of the potential of various sources to contribute pollutants, measures to remove pollutants from storm water discharge shall be implemented. In developing the plan, the following management practices shall be considered:
 - Containment Storage within berms or other secondary containment devices to prevent leaks and spills from entering storm water runoff:
 - ii Oil & Grease Separation Oil/water separators, booms, skimmers or other methods to minimize oil contaminated storm water discharges;
 - iii. Debris & Sediment Control Screens, booms, sediment ponds or other methods to reduce debris and sediment in storm water discharges;
 - iv. Waste Chemical Disposal Waste chemicals such as antifreeze, degreasers and used oils shall be recycled or disposed of in an approved manner and in a way which prevents them from entering storm water discharges.

- v. Storm Water Diversion Storm water diversion away from materials manufacturing, storage and other areas of potential storm water contamination:
- vi. Covered Storage or Manufacturing Areas Covered fueling operations, materials manufacturing and storage areas to prevent contact with storm water.
- f. Sediment and Erosion Prevention The plan shall identify areas which due to topography, activities, or other factors, have a high potential for significant soil erosion and describe measures to limit erosion.
- g. Employee Training Employee training programs shall inform personnel at all levels of responsibility of the components and goals of the storm water pollution control plan. Training should address topics such as spill response, good housekeeping and material management practices. The plan shall identify periodic dates for such training.
- h. Inspection Procedures Qualified plant personnel shall be identified to inspect designated equipment and plant areas. A tracking or follow-up procedure shall be used to ensure appropriate response has been taken in response to an inspection. Inspections and maintenance activities shall be documented and recorded.
- 7. Non-Storm water Discharges The plan shall include a certification that the discharge has been tested or evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges. The certification shall include a description of any tests for the presence of non-storm water discharges, the methods used, the dates of the testing, and any onsite drainage points that were observed during the testing. Any facility that is unable to provide this certification must describe the procedure of any test conducted for the presence of non-storm water discharges, the test results, potential sources of non-storm water discharges to the storm sewer, and why adequate tests for such storm sewers were not feasible. Except as provided in C.1. b., discharges not comprised entirely of storm water are not authorized by this permit.
- 8. The permittee shall conduct an annual facility inspection to verify that all elements of the plan, including the site map, potential pollutant sources, and structural and non-structural controls to reduce pollutants in industrial storm water discharges are accurate. Observations that require a response and the appropriate response to the observation shall be retained as part of the plan. Records documenting significant observations made during the site inspection shall be submitted to the Agency in accordance with the reporting requirements of this permit.
- This plan should briefly describe the appropriate elements of other program requirements, including Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) plans required under Section 311 of the CWA and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and Best Management Programs under 40 CFR 125.100.
- 10. The plan is considered a report that shall be available to the public under Section 308(b) of the CWA. The permittee may claim portions of the plan as confidential business information, including any portion describing facility security measures.
- 11. The plan shall include the signature and title of the person responsible for preparation of the plan and include the date of initial preparation and each amendment thereto.
- 12. Facilities which discharge storm water associated with industrial activity to municipal separate storm sewers may also be subject to additional requirements imposed by the operator of the municipal system.

F. CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATION

Authorization is hereby granted to construct treatment works and related equipment that may be required by the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan developed pursuant to this permit.

This Authorization is issued subject to the following condition(s).

- If any statement or representation is found to be incorrect, this authorization may be revoked and the permittee thereupon waives all rights thereunder.
- 2. The issuance of this authorization (a) does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to persons or property caused by or resulting from the installation, maintenance or operation of the proposed facilities; (b) does not take into consideration the structural stability of any units or part of this project; and (c) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes of the State of Illinois, or other applicable local law, regulations or ordinances.

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- 3. Plans and specifications of all treatment equipment being included as a part of the stormwater management practice shall be included in the SWPPP.
- 4. Any modification of or deviation from the plans and specifications originally submitted with the initial SWPPP requires amendment of the SWPPP.
- 5. Construction activities which result from treatment equipment installation, including cleaning, grading and excavation activities which result in the disturbance of five acres or more of land area, are not covered by this authorization. The permittee shall contact the IEPA regarding required permit(s).

G. REPORTING

- 1. The facility shall submit an annual inspection report to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The report shall include results of the annual facility inspection which is required by Part 8 of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan of this permit. The report shall also include documentation of any event (spill, treatment unit malfunction, etc.) which would require an inspection, results of the inspection, and any subsequent corrective maintenance activity. The report shall be completed and signed by the authorized facility employee(s) who conducted the inspection(s).
- 2. The first report shall contain information gathered during the one year time period beginning with the effective date of coverage under this permit and shall be submitted no later than 60 days after this one year period has expired. Each subsequent report shall contain the previous year's information and shall be submitted no later than one year after the previous year's report was due.

Annual inspection reports shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Compliance Assurance Section
Annual Inspection Report
1021 North Grand East
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

3. If the facility performs inspections more frequently than required by this permit, the results shall be included as additional information in the annual report.

H. TERMINATION OF COVERAGE UNDER THIS PERMIT

Where all storm water discharges associated with industrial activity that have been authorized by this permit are eliminated, the operator of the facility may submit a termination request to the Agency at the address shown on Page 5 of this permit. The termination request shall include the name, address, telephone number, and location of the facility, and a description of actions taken to eliminate the storm water discharge or other justification for the request. Coverage under this permit is not terminated until the Agency acts on the termination request, and reports as described above are required until coverage is terminated.

- 1. The Agency may require any person authorized by this permit to apply for and obtain either an individual NPDES permit or an alternative NPDES general permit. Any interested person may petition the Agency to take action under this paragraph. The Agency may require any owner or operator authorized to discharge under this permit to apply for an individual NPDES permit only if the owner or operator has been notified in writing that a permit application is required. This notice shall include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a deadline for the owner or operator to file the application, and a statement that on the effective date of the individual NPDES permit or the alternative general permit as it applies to the individual permittee, coverage under this general permit shall automatically terminate. The Agency may grant additional time to submit the application upon request of the applicant. If an owner or operator fails to submit in a timely manner an individual NPDES permit application required by the Agency under this paragraph then the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permitted is automatically terminated at the end of the day specified for application submittal.
- 2. Any owner or operator authorized by this permit may request to be excluded from the coverage of this permit by applying for an individual permit. The owner or operator shall submit an individual application with reasons supporting the request, in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.28, to the Agency. The request shall be granted by issuing of an individual permit or an alternative general permit if the reasons cited by the owner or operator are adequate to support the request.

3. When an individual NPDES permit is issued to an owner or operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is approved for coverage under an alternative NPDES general permit, the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permittee is automatically terminated on the issue date of the individual permit or the date of approval for coverage under the alternative general permit, whichever the case may be. When an individual NPDES permit is denied to an owner or operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is denied coverage under an alternative NPDES general permit the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permitted is automatically terminated on the date of such denial, unless otherwise specified by the Agency.

I. DEFINITIONS

- 1. Coal pile runoff means the rainfall runoff from or through any coal storage pile.
- Land application site means an area where wastes are applied onto or incorporated into the soil surface for treatment or disposal.
- 3. <u>Landfill</u> means an area of land or an excavation in which wastes are placed for permanent disposal, and which is not a land application site, surface impoundment, injection well or waste pile.
- 4. <u>Section 313 water priority chemical</u> means a chemical or chemical categories which: 1) Are listed at 40 CFR 372.65 pursuant to Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) (also known as Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986); 2) are present at or above threshold levels at a facility subject to EPCRA Section 313 reporting requirements; and 3) that meet at least one of the following criteria: (i) Are listed in Appendix D of 40 CFR 122 on either Table II (organic priority pollutants), Table III (certain metals, cyanides, and phenols) or Table V (certain toxic pollutants and hazardous substances); (ii) are listed as a hazardous substance pursuant to section 311(b)(2)(A) of the CWA at 40 CFR 116.4; or (iii) are pollutants for which EPA has published acute or chronic water quality criteria.
- 5. Significant materials includes, but is not limited to: raw materials; fuels; materials such as solvents, detergents, and plastic pellets; finished materials such as metallic products; raw materials used in food processing or production; hazardous substances designated under section 101(14) of CERCLA; any chemical the facility is required to report pursuant to EPCRA Section 313; fertilizers; pesticides; and waste products such as ashes, slag and sludge that have the potential to be released with storm water discharges.
- 6. Significant spills includes, but is not limited to: releases of oil or hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under section 311 of the Clean Water Act (see 40 CFR 110.10 and CFR 117.21) or section 102 of CERCLA (see 40 CFR 302.4).

Note that additional definitions are included in the permit Standard Conditions, Attachment H.

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ATTACHMENT H

Constitute Constitutes

Definitions

Act means the literois Environmental Protection Act. Ch. 111.1.2 is Rev. Stat. Sec. 1001-1052 as Amended

Agency means the throse Environmental Protection Agency

Beard means the Minous Pollution Control Board.

Clean Water Act (formerly referred to as the Federal Water Pollusion Control Act) means Pub. L. 92-500, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1281 et ses,

NPDES Pleasant Poliutant Decharge Elimination System) means the nettent program for issuing, modifying, revoking and research, terminating, mentioning and enforcing previous and imposing and enforcing previous in requirements, under Sections 307, 402, 318 and 405 of the Clean Water Act.

USEPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency

Dailty Discharge means the decharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour pended that researchly represents the calendar day for surposes of sampling. For pollutants with immations expressed in units of meas, the "daily decharge" is calculated as the total meas of the pollutant decharged over the day. For pollutants with immations expressed in other units of measuraments, the "daily decharge" is calculated as the average measurament of the pollutant over the day.

Meximum Deity Discharge Limitation ideily maximum) means the highest allowable daily discharge

Average Monthly Discharge Limiteston (30 day everage) means the highest allowable everage of daily discharges over a calender menth, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calender month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.

Average Weekly Disehange Limitation 17 day average) means the highest allowable average of daily discharges over a colondar week, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar week divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that week.

Bost Management Practices (BMPs) means schedules of activities, prohipsons of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent in reduce the poliuson of waters of the State BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, sprilege or tests, studge or wasts deposed, or dramage from raw messnal storage.

Allower means a sample of specified volume used to make up a total compounts sample

Grab Sainple means an individual sample of at least 100 milliters collected at a randomlyselected time over a panel not exceeding 15 minutes.

24 Hour Compounts Sample means a combination of at least 8 sample aliquets of at least 100 milhters, collected at paradic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24-hour paradic.

8 Hour Composite Sample means a combination of at least 3 sample aliquets of at teast 100 millitures, collected at periodic intervate during the operating hours of a facility over an 8-hour period.

Plaw Propertienal Composite Settinio means a combination of sample siquets of at least 100 militaria collected at periodic interview such that either the time intervial between each siquet or the volume of each siquet is proportienal to either the stream flow at the time of seminary or the total stream flow since the collection of the previous allower.

- 111 Duty to comply The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and resistance, modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application. The permittee shall camply with efficient standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for losse pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified as incorporate the requirement.
- 12) Outly to reasonly if the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. If the permittee subunits a proper application as required by the Agency no letter than 180 days prior to the expiration date, this permit shall continue in full force and effect until the final Agency decision on the application has been made.
- (3) Need to hart or reduce activity not a defense it shall not be a defense for a parmittee or an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to meintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- 14) Duty to mitigate. The permittee shall take all researchie stage to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversary effecting human health or the environment.
- (5) Proper operation and maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control land released appurtmentest which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve companies with the conditions of this permit Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quarity assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up, or euisieny facitioss, or similar systems only when perseasily to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

- 163 Permit accions. This parmit may be inselfied, reveled and resound, or reminered for cause by the Agency pursuant to 40 CPR 122.82. The filing of a results by the parmittee for a parmit medicages, revealed and resource, or terminered, or a needlastic of planned changes or anterparted nancompliance, does not stay any permit opegation.
- (7) Property rights. This parmit does not convey any presently rights of any earl, or any exclusive privilegs.
- (8) Duty to provide information. The permittee shall furnish to the Agency within a rescendite limit, any information which the Agency may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reasoning, or termining the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. The permittee shall site furnish to the Agency, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this result.
- (9) Inspection and entry. The permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the Agency, upon the presentation of predentals and other decuments as may be required by lien, to.
 - Enter upon the permitted a premises where a regulated faculty or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be best under the conditions of the permit.
 - (b) Have access to and copy, at researchis times, any records that must be last under the conditions of the permit:
 - Ici Inspect of researable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this servet; and
 - (d) Sample or monitor at responsible times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance, or as otherwise suthonzed by the Act, any substances or parameters at any location.
- (10) Monitoring and records.
 - Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity
 - b) The parmettee shall recent recents of all monitoring informacion, including all calibration and maintenance records, and all original strey chart recentings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this parmet, and records of all data used to complete the application for the parmet, for a period of all data used to complete the application for the parmet, for a period of at least 3 years from the data of the parmet, measurement, report or application. The period may be extended by request of the Agency at any time.
 - ici Recents of monitoring information shall include
 - (1) The data, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements:
 - (2) The individualish who performed the sampling or measurements.
 - (3) The datain) analyses were performed;
 - (4) The individualfal who performed the energies;
 - (5) The analysical sechniques or methods used, and
 - (6) The results of such analyses.
 - Idl Montering must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CPR Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit. Where no test procedure under 40 CPR Part 136 has been approved, the permittee must submit to the Agency a test method for approved. The permittee shall calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals to ensure accuracy of measurements.
- (11) Signetary requirement. All applications, reports or information submitted to the Agency shall be signed and certified.
 - (a) Application. All permit applications shall be signed as follows
 - (1) For a corporation by a principal executive efficer of at least the level of vice president or a person or position having overall responsibility for environmental metters for the corporation.
 - (2) For a partnership or cole proprietorship by a general partner of the proprietor, respectively, or
 - (3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency by other a principal executive officer or ranking elected official
 - (b) Reports: All reports required by permits, or other information requested by the Agency shell be signed by a person described in paragraph (a) or by a duly suthorized representative of their person. A person is a duly suthorized representative only if:
 - The authorization is made in writing by a person described in personsiph (a); and
 - (2) The authorization associfies either an individual or a position responsible for the overall operation of the facility. From which the descharge originates, such as a plant manager, superintendent or person of equivalent responsibility, and
 - (3) The written authorization is submitted to the Agency

(c) Changes of Authorization. If an authorization unger tall is no longer accurate because a different ingredual or passion has respondently for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization speaking this requirements of thi must be authorited to the Agency over to or together with any reports, information, or appropriate to be signed by an authorized consensation.

112) Reporting requirements.

- (a) Planned changes "he permittee shall give notice to the Agency as soon as possible of any blanch physical alterations or additions to the permitted facety.
- b) Ambiguited rencorrelance. The unmittee shall give advance notice to the Agency of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with parmit requirements.
- c) Compilance achedules Reports of compilance or nancompilance with, or any progress reports on, interim and find redurements contained in any compilance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule dates.
- Idl. Monitoring reports. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified esewhere in the permit.
 - (1) Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report DMRI
 - (2) If the permittee monitors any pollutent mere frequently than required by the permit, using test brecodures approved under 40 CFR 136 or as securised in the permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data supported in the DMR.
 - (3) Calculations for all limitations which require averaging of measurements shell utilize an antiferetic mean unless otherwise specified by the Agency in the permit.
- fail Twenty-fear have reporting. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endenger health or me environment. Any information shall be provided orably within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause, the period of nencembance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated bring it is espected to contains a steps taken or blanned to reduce seminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours.
 - (1) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent binitation if the permit.
 - 21 violation of a maximum dealy decharge limitation for any of the poliulants isted by the Agency in the permit to be reported within 2.4 hours.

The Agency may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

- (f) Other nencempliance. The permittee shall report all instances of nencemplance not reported under paragraphs (121c), cd, or isl, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shell contain the information setted in paragraph (121le).
- (g) Other intermetion where the parmines becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a paints application, or submitted incorrect information in a parmit application, or in any report to the Agency, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- (13) Transfer of permits. A permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee 6.
 - "In Surrors parmittee notifies the Agency at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date.
 - b) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and setuint between the current and new permittees, and
 - It: The Agency poes not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reviews the permit, if this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement.
- (14) All manufacturing, commercial mining, and silvicultural dechargers must notify the Agency as zoon as free endw or have resear to believe.
 - (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any loss polyuters assisting under Section 307 of the Clean Water Act which is not writted in the parties, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels.
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per litter (100 up 8

- 122 Two hundred micrograms per tren 1200 up 6 for screen and serviceverse. Invertigating micrograms per rate 1500 up 6 for 2, 6divisional and for 2-majory-6. B-universal and, and one militarism per tren 13 mg/6 for promiser;
- (3) Five (5) stress the measurum concentration value resorted for their pollutare in the NPDES parent apparation. or
- (4) The level selectioned by the Agency in this dermit.
- That they have begun or expect to begun to use or menulacture or an information or final product or byproduct any toxic podutant which was not reported in the NPDES parms againstoon.
- (15) All Publish Owned Treatment Works (POTWell must provide adequate needs to the Agency of the following:
 - (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into that POTW from an indirect deprhaper which would be subject to Sections 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly decharging those pollutants; and
 - (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the erro of resultate of the permit.
 - (c) For surposes of this paragraph, adequate nester shall include information on id the quatry and quartery of effluent introduced viris the POTW, and fill any enterprise impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be descharged from the POTW.
- (16) If the parmit is issued to a publicly owned or publicly requested treatment works, the parmittee shall require any industrial user of such treatment works to comply with lederal requirements concerning:
 - (1) User charges pursuant to Section 204(b) of the Claim Water Act, and applicable regulations appearing in 40 CFR 35.
 - 12) Tokic polibitant officent standards and provisionent standards pursuant to Section 307 of the Clean Water Act, and
 - (3) Inspection, menutoring and entry pursuant to Section 306 of the Close Water Act.
- (17) If an applicable standard or investors a promulgated under Section 301 (b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), or 307(a)(2) and that efficient standard or investors is more stringent than any efficient investors in the permit, or controls a pollutant net lengted in the permit, the permit shall be promptly modified or reveleds, and reduced to conform to that officient standard or investors.
- (18) Any authorization to construct issued to the paymittee purposet to 35 ft. Adm.
 Code 309.154 is hereby incorporated by reference as a condition of this parmit.
- (18) The permittee shall not make any false statement, representation or certification in any application, report, report, plan or other decument submitted to the Agency or the USEPA, or required to be maintained under this permit.
 - 1203 The Clean Weter Act provides that any parson who violates a parmit condition implementing Sections 301, 302, 308, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a civil panelty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any parson who widhlift or negogenity violates parmit consistent implementing Sections 301, 302, 308, 307, or 308 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a fine of not less than \$2,500, nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by impreservant for not mark than one view, or leath.
 - (21) The Clean Weser Act provides that any person who falerhos, tampers with, or knowingly renders rescurres any monitoring device or method required to be meintered under partnet shall, usen conviction, be purished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by impresentant for not more than 6 months per
 - (22) The Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit shall, including monitoring reports or repairs of compliance or non-compliance shall, upon conviction, be purished by a fine of not more than \$1.000 per violetion, or by progressing for not make the \$1.000 per violetion.
 - (23) Collected screening, sharmer, shadges, and other solds shall be disposed of in such a manner as to prevent sitely of those weetes for runoff from the westesl into westers of the State. The proper authorization for such disposal shall be obtained from the Agency and is incorporated as part hersel by reference.
 - (24) In case of certifict between these standard cenditions and any other conditionis, included in this parmit, the other condition(a) shall gevers.
 - (25) The permittee shall comply with, in addition to the requirements of the permit, all applicable previous of 35 Rt Adm. Code, Subeste C, Subeste D, Subeste E, and all applicable orders of the Seard.
 - (28) The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit is hold involve, the remaining provisions of this permit shall communic in his force and officer.

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
1021 North Grand East
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

General NPDES Permit For Industrial Storm Water

Expiration Date:

May 31, 2003

Issue Date:

May 19, 1998

Effective Date:

June 1, 1998

Discharges authorized by this General Permit: In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, the Illinois Pollution Control Board Rules and Regulations (35 Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C, Chapter 1) and the Clean Water Act, the following discharges may be authorized by this permit in accordance with the conditions herein:

Discharges of storm water associated with industrial activity, as defined and limited herein. Storm water means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

This general permit regulates only storm water discharges from a facility. Other discharges such as process wastewater or cooling water shall be regulated by other NPDES permits.

Receiving waters: Discharges may be authorized to any surface water of the State.

To receive authorization to discharge under this general permit, a facility operator must either submit an application as described in the permit conditions to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or have a valid Illinois General NPDES Permit for industrial storm water. Authorization, if granted, will be by letter and include a copy of this permit.

Thomas G. McSwiggin, P.E. Manager, Permit Section

Division of Water Pollution Control

CONTENTS OF THIS GENERAL PERMIT

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A. APPLICABILITY OF THIS GENERAL PERMIT

This permit is applicable to new and existing storm water discharges associated with industrial activity in the State of Illinois from the facilities listed below.

- 1. Discharges of storm water from facilities whose process wastewater discharges are subject to new source performance standards or toxic pollutant effluent standards under 40 CFR Subchapter N, except:
 - a. discharges subject to new source performance standards or toxic pollutant effluent standards and described in paragraph A.8. below which do not have materials or activities exposed to storm water;
 - b. discharges subject to storm water effluent limitations guidelines listed in B.1. of this permit.
- 2. Discharges from manufacturing facilities in the following categories:

SIC 24	(Lumber and wood products except furniture) except SIC 2434 (Wood kitchen cabinets)
SIC 26	(Paper and allied products) except SIC 265 (Paperboard containers and boxes from purchased paperboard) and
	SIC 267 (Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes)
SIC 28	(Chemicals and allied products) except SIC 283 (Drugs)
SIC 29	(Petroleum refining and related industries), except discharges subject to 40 CFR 419
SIC 311	(Leather tanning and finishing)
SIC 32	(Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products) except SIC 323 (Glass products made of purchased glass)
SIC 33	(Primary metal industries)
SIC 3441	(Fabricated structural metal)
SIC 373	(Ship and boat building and repairing)

- 3. Facilities classified as SIC Codes 10-14 (Mineral Industry) including active or inactive mining operations and oil and gas exploration, production, processing, treatment operations, or transmission facilities, except discharges subject to 40 CFR 434, 436, or 440.
- 4 Landfills, land application sites (excluding land application sites which utilize agricultural land), and open dumps that receive or have received any industrial wastes (waste that is received from any of the facilities described in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14).
- Facilities involved in the recycling of materials including metal scrapyards, battery reclaimers, salvage yards, and automobile junkyards including but not limited to SIC 5015 (Used motor vehicle parts) and SIC 5093 (Scrap and waste materials)
- 6. Transportation facilities-portions of the following facilities involved in vehicle maintenance (including vehicle rehabilitation, mechanical repairs, painting, fueling, and lubrication), equipment cleaning operations, or airport deicing operations:

SIC 40	(Railroad transportation)
SIC 41	(Local and suburban transit and inter-urban highway passenger transportation)

SIC 42	(Motor freight transportation and warehousing) except SIC 4221–4225 (Farm product warehousing and storage, refrigerated warehousing and storage, general warehousing and storage)
SIC 43	(United States Postal Service)
SIC 44	(Water transportation)
SIC 45	(Transportation by air)
SIC 5171	(Petroleum bulk stations and terminals-wholesale)

- 7. Treatment Works treating domestic sewage that are owned or operated by municipalities with a population of 100,000 people or more or that are privately-owned with a design flow of 1.0 mgd or more; includes sludge or wastewater treatment devices or systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal or domestic sewage, and land dedicated to sludge disposal located within the confines of the facility; excludes off-site sludge management lands, farm lands, and gardens.
- 8. Facilities in the following SIC Codes with storm water discharges from areas (except access roads and rail lines) where material handling equipment or activities, raw materials, intermediate products, final products, waste materials, by-products, or industrial machinery are exposed to storm water.

SIC 20	(Food and kindred products manufacturing or processing)
SIC 21	(Tobacco products)
SIC 22	(Textile mill products)
SIC 23	(Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials)
SIC 2434	(Wood kitchen cabinets)
SIC 25	(Furniture and fixtures)
SIC 265	(Paperboard containers and boxes)
SIC 267	(Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes)
SIC 27	(Printing, publishing, and allied industries)
SIC 283	(Drugs)
SIC 285	(Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, and allied products)
SIC 30	(Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products)
SIC 31	(Leather and leather products) except SIC 311 (Leather tanning and finishing)
SIC 323	(Glass products, made of purchased glass)
SIC 34	(Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment) except SIC 3441 (Fabricated
	structural metal)
SIC 35	(Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment)
SIC 36	(Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment)
SIC 37	(Transportation equipment) except SIC 373 (Ship and boat building and repairing)
SIC 38	(Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical, and optical goods; watches and clocks)
SIC 39	(Miscellaneous manufacturing industries)
SIC 4221-25	(Farm products warehousing and storage, refrigerated warehousing and storage, general warehousing and
	storage)

B. TYPES OF DISCHARGES NOT COVERED BY THIS PERMIT

This permit is not applicable to storm water discharges from the following facilities:

1. Discharges subject to storm water effluent limitations guidelines in the following categories;

Cement Manufacturing (40 CFR 411)
Feedlots (40 CFR 412)
Fertilizer Manufacturing (40 CFR 418)
Petroleum Refining (40 CFR 419)
Phosphate Manufacturing (40 CFR 422)
Steam Electric (40 CFR 423)
Coal Mining (40 CFR 434)
Mineral Mining and Processing (40 CFR 436)
Ore Mining and Dressing (40 CFR 440)
Asphalt Emulsion (40 CFR 443)

- 2. Hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities.
- 3. Steam electric power generating facilities, including coal handling sites.

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- 4. Construction activity including clearing, grading and excavation activities.
- Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from facilities with an existing NPDES individual or general permit for the storm water discharges.
- 6. Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity which are identified by the Agency as possibly causing or contributing to a violation of water quality standards.
- 7. Storm water discharges associated with inactive mining or inactive oil and gas operations occurring on Federal lands where ar operator cannot be identified.
- 8. Storm water discharges that the Agency determines are not appropriately covered by this general permit.

This permit does not authorize the discharge of hazardous substances or oil resulting from an on-site spill, and does not supercede any reporting requirements for spills or releases of hazardous substances or oil.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Prohibition on non-storm water discharges
 - a. Except as provided in C. 1. b. below, all discharges covered by this permit shall be composed entirely of storm water.
 - b. i. Except as provided in C. 1 .b. ii. below, discharges of material other than storm water must be in compliance with an NPDES permit (other than this permit) issued for the discharge.
 - ii. The following non-storm water discharges may be authorized by this permit provided the non-storm water componen of the discharges is in compliance with paragraph E.7. of this permit: discharges from fire fighting activities; fire hydran flushings; waters used to wash vehicles without the use of detergents or control dust; potable water sources including waterline flushings; irrigation drainages; lawn watering; routine external building washdown which does not use detergents; pavement washwaters where spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have not occurred (unless a spilled material has been removed) and where detergents are not used; air conditioning condensate; springs uncontaminated ground water; and foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process material such as solvents.

D. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Dischargers that are covered by a valid Illinois General NPDES Permit for industrial storm water as of September 30, 1997 ar automatically covered by this permit unless they request otherwise prior to the effective date of this permit. Other dischargers seekin coverage under this general permit shall provide the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) with the following information
 - A completed IEPA Notice of Intent form, accompanied by quantitative sampling data for the storm water discharge(s) if available or
 - A completed U.S. EPA Form 1, including Form 2F and quantitative sampling data if available; or
 - c. A completed U.S. EPA Notice of Intent form, accompanied by quantitative sampling data for the storm water discharge(s) available.
- 2. Quantitative sampling data as required by U.S. EPA Form 2F for storm water discharges from the following facilities is required to b submitted, unless the facility is a participant in a group application accepted by U.S. EPA.
 - a Facilities subject to reporting requirements under Section 313 of EPCRA for chemicals classified as "Section 313 water priorischemicals": Storm water discharges that come into contact with any equipment, tank, container, or other vessel or area used for storage of a Section 313 water priority chemical, or located at a truck or rail car unloading area where a Section 313 water priority chemical is handled.
 - b. Facilities classified as SIC 33 (Primary Metal Industries).
 - c. Active or inactive landfills, land application sites, or open dumps without a stabilized final cover which have received any industri wastes.

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- d. Wood treatment facilities: Storm water discharges from areas that are used for wood treatment, wood surface application, or storage of treated or surface protected wood.
- e. Coal pile runoff at industrial facilities other than coal mines.
- f. Battery reclaiming facilities: Storm water discharges from areas used for storage of lead acid batteries, reclamation products, or waste products, and areas used for lead acid battery reclamation.
- g. Airports with over 50,000 flight operations per year: storm water discharges from aircraft or airport deicing areas.
- Meat packing plants, poultry packing plants, and facilities that manufacture animal and marine fats and oils.
- Facilities classified as SIC 28 (Chemicals and Allied Products) and SIC 30 (Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products): Storm water discharges that come into contact with solid chemical storage piles.
- j. Automobile junkyards: Storm water discharges exposed to over 250 auto/truck bodies with drivelines, over 250 drivelines, or any combination thereof (in whole or in parts); over 500 auto/truck units (bodies with or without drivelines in whole or in parts); or over 100 units per year are dismantled and drainage or storage of automotive fluids occurs in areas exposed to storm water.
- k. Lime manufacturing facilities: Storm water discharges that have come into contact with lime storage piles.
- 1. Cement manufacturing facilities and cement kilns: Storm water discharges other than those subject to 40 CFR 411.
- m. Ready-mixed concrete facilities. Sampling data is not required for new ready-mixed concrete facilities or for relocated ready-mixed concrete facilities.
- Ship building and repairing facilities.
- 3. When a facility has two or more outfalls that, based on consideration of features and activities within the area drained by the outfall, the permittee reasonably believes discharge substantially identical effluents, the permittee may sample the effluent of one such outfall and report that quantitative data also applied to the substantially identical outfalls. If the applicant is requesting approval to sample a representative outfall, identification of all storm water outfalls considered to be substantially identical along with the outfall being used to represent such outfalls and appropriate justification must be provided with the application.
- 4. For existing facilities with an individual NPDES permit covering storm water associated with industrial activity, or those facilities who have previously submitted an application for an individual permit and not yet received a permit, the permittee/applicant may elect to seek coverage under this general permit in place of obtaining an individual permit. To be considered for coverage the permittee/applicant is required to submit the above information following the general permit issue date.
- 5. For new facilities, the NOI and required information shall be submitted 180 days prior to the date on which the discharge is to commence unless permission for a later date has been granted by the IEPA. Mobile facilities (such as concrete or asphalt batch plants) shall apply at least 30 days prior to discharge.
- 6. For purposes of the permit an existing facility shall be considered a facility which discharged storm water associated with industrial activity prior to the application deadline set by the U.S. EPA storm water regulations. A new facility is a facility which generates storm water after, but not before the deadline.
- 7. The required information shall be submitted to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Permit Section Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

8. In any case where an NPDES Permit has been timely applied for but final administrative disposition of such application has not been made, it shall not be a violation of Section 12-F of the Environmental Protection Act to discharge without such permit unless the complainant proves that final administrative disposition has not been made because of the failure of the applicant to furnish information reasonably required or requested in order to process the application. For purposes of this provision, participation in a group application filed with U.S. EPA shall be deemed an application filed with the Agency. This provision does not relieve the applicant from the responsibility for compliance with any other requirement of the Act or regulations promulgated under the Act.

9. Facilities which discharge storm water associated with industrial activity to a municipal separate storm sewer system shall notify the municipality, and shall provide the municipality with a copy of their application if requested.

E. STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

- 1. A storm water pollution prevention plan shall be developed by the permittee for each facility covered by this permit. The plan shall identify potential sources of pollution which may be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the industrial activity at the facility. In addition, the plan shall describe and ensure the implementation of practices which are to be used to reduce the pollutants in storm water discharges associated with industrial activity at the facility and to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.
- 2. The plan shall be completed within 180 days of notification by the Agency of coverage by this permit or in the case of new facilities, prior to submitting an NOI to be covered under this permit. Plans shall provide for compliance with the terms of the plan within 365 days of notification by the Agency of coverage by this permit, or in the case of new facilities, prior to submitting an NOI to be covered under this permit. [Note: If the plan has already been required to be developed under a previous permit it shall be maintained in accordance with all requirements of this special condition.]. The owner or operator of a facility with storm water discharges covered by this permit shall make a copy of the plan available to the Agency at any reasonable time upon request.

Facilities which discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer system shall also make a copy available to the operator of the municipal system at any reasonable time upon request.

- 3. The permittee may be notified by the Agency at any time that the plan does not meet the requirements of this permit. After such notification, the permittee shall make changes to the plan and shall submit a written certification that the requested changes have been made. Unless otherwise provided, the permittee shall have 30 days after such notification to make the changes.
- 4. The discharger shall amend the plan whenever there is a change in construction, operation, or maintenance which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to the waters of the State or if a facility inspection required by paragraph E.8. of this permit indicates that an amendment is needed. The plan should also be amended if the discharger is in violation of any conditions of this permit, or has not achieved the general objectives of controlling pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments to the plan shall be made within the shortest reasonable period of time, and shall be provided to the Agency for review upon request.
- 5. The plan shall provide a description of potential sources which may be expected to add significant quantities of pollutants to storm water discharges, or which may result in non-storm water discharges from the facility. The plan shall include, at a minimum, the following items:
 - a. A topographic map extending one-quarter mile beyond the property boundaries of the facility, showing: the facility, surface water bodies, wells (including injection wells), seepage pits, infiltration ponds, and the discharge points where the facility's storm water discharges to a municipal storm drain system or other water body. The requirements of this paragraph may be included on the site map if appropriate.
 - b. A site map showing:
 - The storm water conveyance and discharge structures;
 - ii. An outline of the storm water drainage areas for each storm water discharge point;
 - Paved areas and buildings;
 - iv. Areas used for outdoor manufacturing, storage, or disposal of significant materials, including activities that generate significant quantities of dust or particulates.
 - v. Location of existing storm water structural control measures (dikes, coverings, detention facilities, etc.);
 - vi. Surface water locations and/or municipal storm drain locations
 - vii. Areas of existing and potential soil erosion;
 - viii. Vehicle service areas;

- ix. Material loading, unloading, and access areas.
- c. A narrative description of the following:
 - i. The nature of the industrial activities conducted at the site, including a description of significant materials that are treated, stored or disposed of in a manner to allow exposure to storm water;
 - ii. Materials, equipment, and vehicle management practices employed to minimize contact of significant materials with storm water discharges;
 - iii. Existing structural and non-structural control measures to reduce pollutants in storm water discharges;
 - iv. Industrial storm water discharge treatment facilities;
 - v. Methods of onsite storage and disposal of significant materials;
- d. A list of the types of pollutants that have a reasonable potential to be present in storm water discharges in significant quantities.
- e. An estimate of the size of the facility in acres or square feet, and the percent of the facility that has impervious areas such as pavement or buildings.
- A summary of existing sampling data describing pollutants in storm water discharges.
- 6. The plan shall describe the storm water management controls which will be implemented by the facility. The appropriate controls shall reflect identified existing and potential sources of pollutants at the facility. The description of the storm water management controls shall include:
 - a. Storm Water Pollution Prevention Personnel Identification by job titles of the individuals who are responsible for developing, implementing, and revising the plan.
 - b. Preventive Maintenance Procedures for inspection and maintenance of storm water conveyance system devices such as oil/water separators, catch basins, etc., and inspection and testing of plant equipment and systems that could fail and result in discharges of pollutants to storm water.
 - c. Good Housekeeping Good housekeeping requires the maintenance of clean, orderly facility areas that discharge storm water. Material handling areas shall be inspected and cleaned to reduce the potential for pollutants to enter the storm water conveyance system.
 - d. Spill Prevention and Response Identification of areas where significant materials can spill into or otherwise enter the storm water conveyance systems and their accompanying drainage points. Specific material handling procedures, storage requirements, spill clean up equipment and procedures should be identified, as appropriate. Internal notification procedures for spills of significant materials should be established.
 - e. Storm Water Management Practices Storm water management practices are practices other than those which control the source of pollutants. They include measures such as installing oil and grit separators, diverting storm water into retention basins, etc. Based on assessment of the potential of various sources to contribute pollutants, measures to remove pollutants from storm water discharge shall be implemented. In developing the plan, the following management practices shall be considered:
 - Containment Storage within berms or other secondary containment devices to prevent leaks and spills from entering storm water runoff;
 - ii Oil & Grease Separation Oil/water separators, booms, skimmers or other methods to minimize oil contaminated storm water discharges;
 - iii. Debris & Sediment Control Screens, booms, sediment ponds or other methods to reduce debris and sediment in storm water discharges;
 - v Waste Chemical Disposal Waste chemicals such as antifreeze, degreasers and used oils shall be recycled or disposed of in an approved manner and in a way which prevents them from entering storm water discharges.

- v. Storm Water Diversion Storm water diversion away from materials manufacturing, storage and other areas of potential storm water contamination:
- vi. Covered Storage or Manufacturing Areas Covered fueling operations, materials manufacturing and storage areas to prevent contact with storm water.
- f. Sediment and Erosion Prevention The plan shall identify areas which due to topography, activities, or other factors, have a high potential for significant soil erosion and describe measures to limit erosion.
- g. Employee Training Employee training programs shall inform personnel at all levels of responsibility of the components and goals of the storm water pollution control plan. Training should address topics such as spill response, good housekeeping and material management practices. The plan shall identify periodic dates for such training.
- h. Inspection Procedures Qualified plant personnel shall be identified to inspect designated equipment and plant areas. A tracking or follow-up procedure shall be used to ensure appropriate response has been taken in response to an inspection. Inspections and maintenance activities shall be documented and recorded.
- 7. Non-Storm water Discharges The plan shall include a certification that the discharge has been tested or evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges. The certification shall include a description of any tests for the presence of non-storm water discharges, the methods used, the dates of the testing, and any onsite drainage points that were observed during the testing. Any facility that is unable to provide this certification must describe the procedure of any test conducted for the presence of non-storm water discharges, the test results, potential sources of non-storm water discharges to the storm sewer, and why adequate tests for such storm sewers were not feasible. Except as provided in C.1. b., discharges not comprised entirely of storm water are not authorized by this permit.
- 8. The permittee shall conduct an annual facility inspection to verify that all elements of the plan, including the site map, potential pollutant sources, and structural and non-structural controls to reduce pollutants in industrial storm water discharges are accurate. Observations that require a response and the appropriate response to the observation shall be retained as part of the plan. Records documenting significant observations made during the site inspection shall be submitted to the Agency in accordance with the reporting requirements of this permit.
- This plan should briefly describe the appropriate elements of other program requirements, including Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) plans required under Section 311 of the CWA and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and Best Management Programs under 40 CFR 125.100.
- 10. The plan is considered a report that shall be available to the public under Section 308(b) of the CWA. The permittee may claim portions of the plan as confidential business information, including any portion describing facility security measures.
- 11 The plan shall include the signature and title of the person responsible for preparation of the plan and include the date of initial preparation and each amendment thereto.
- 12. Facilities which discharge storm water associated with industrial activity to municipal separate storm sewers may also be subject to additional requirements imposed by the operator of the municipal system.

F. CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATION

Authorization is hereby granted to construct treatment works and related equipment that may be required by the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan developed pursuant to this permit.

This Authorization is issued subject to the following condition(s).

- 1. If any statement or representation is found to be incorrect, this authorization may be revoked and the permittee thereupon waives all rights thereunder.
- 2. The issuance of this authorization (a) does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to persons or property caused by or resulting from the installation, maintenance or operation of the proposed facilities; (b) does not take into consideration the structural stability of any units or part of this project; and (c) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes of the State of Illinois, or other applicable local law, regulations or ordinances.

- 3. Plans and specifications of all treatment equipment being included as a part of the stormwater management practice shall be included in the SWPPP.
- 4. Any modification of or deviation from the plans and specifications originally submitted with the initial SWPPP requires amendment of the SWPPP.
- 5. Construction activities which result from treatment equipment installation, including cleaning, grading and excavation activities which result in the disturbance of five acres or more of land area, are not covered by this authorization. The permittee shall contact the IEPA regarding required permit(s).

G. REPORTING

- 1. The facility shall submit an annual inspection report to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The report shall include results of the annual facility inspection which is required by Part 8 of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan of this permit. The report shall also include documentation of any event (spill, treatment unit malfunction, etc.) which would require an inspection, results of the inspection, and any subsequent corrective maintenance activity. The report shall be completed and signed by the authorized facility employee(s) who conducted the inspection(s).
- 2. The first report shall contain information gathered during the one year time period beginning with the effective date of coverage under this permit and shall be submitted no later than 60 days after this one year period has expired. Each subsequent report shall contain the previous year's information and shall be submitted no later than one year after the previous year's report was due.

Annual inspection reports shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Compliance Assurance Section Annual Inspection Report 1021 North Grand East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

3. If the facility performs inspections more frequently than required by this permit, the results shall be included as additional information in the annual report.

H. TERMINATION OF COVERAGE UNDER THIS PERMIT

Where all storm water discharges associated with industrial activity that have been authorized by this permit are eliminated, the operator of the facility may submit a termination request to the Agency at the address shown on Page 5 of this permit. The termination request shall include the name, address, telephone number, and location of the facility, and a description of actions taken to eliminate the storm water discharge or other justification for the request. Coverage under this permit is not terminated until the Agency acts on the termination request, and reports as described above are required until coverage is terminated.

- 1. The Agency may require any person authorized by this permit to apply for and obtain either an individual NPDES permit or an alternative NPDES general permit. Any interested person may petition the Agency to take action under this paragraph. The Agency may require any owner or operator authorized to discharge under this permit to apply for an individual NPDES permit only if the owner or operator has been notified in writing that a permit application is required. This notice shall include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a deadline for the owner or operator to file the application, and a statement that on the effective date of the individual NPDES permit or the alternative general permit as it applies to the individual permittee, coverage under this general permit shall automatically terminate. The Agency may grant additional time to submit the application upon request of the applicant. If an owner or operator fails to submit in a timely manner an individual NPDES permit application required by the Agency under this paragraph then the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permitted is automatically terminated at the end of the day specified for application submittal.
- 2. Any owner or operator authorized by this permit may request to be excluded from the coverage of this permit by applying for an individual permit. The owner or operator shall submit an individual application with reasons supporting the request, in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.28, to the Agency. The request shall be granted by issuing of an individual permit or an alternative general permit if the reasons cited by the owner or operator are adequate to support the request.

3. When an individual NPDES permit is issued to an owner or operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is approved for coverage under an alternative NPDES general permit, the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permittee is automatically terminated on the issue date of the individual permit or the date of approval for coverage under the alternative general permit, whichever the case may be. When an individual NPDES permit is denied to an owner or operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is denied coverage under an alternative NPDES general permit the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permitted is automatically terminated on the date of such denial, unless otherwise specified by the Agency.

I. DEFINITIONS

- Coal pile runoff means the rainfall runoff from or through any coal storage pile.
- 2. Land application site means an area where wastes are applied onto or incorporated into the soil surface for treatment or disposal.
- 3. <u>Landfill</u> means an area of land or an excavation in which wastes are placed for permanent disposal, and which is not a land application site, surface impoundment, injection well or waste pile.
- 4. <u>Section 313 water priority chemical</u> means a chemical or chemical categories which: 1) Are fisted at 40 CFR 372.65 pursuant to Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) (also known as Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986); 2) are present at or above threshold levels at a facility subject to EPCRA. Section 313 reporting requirements; and 3) that meet at least one of the following criteria: (i) Are listed in Appendix D of 40 CFR 122 on either Table II (organic priority pollutants), Table III (certain metals, cyanides, and phenols) or Table V (certain toxic pollutants and hazardous substances); (ii) are listed as a hazardous substance pursuant to section 311(b)(2)(A) of the CWA at 40 CFR 116.4; or (iii) are pollutants for which EPA has published acute or chronic water quality criteria.
- 5. Significant materials includes, but is not limited to: raw materials; fuels; materials such as solvents, detergents, and plastic pellets; finished materials such as metallic products; raw materials used in food processing or production; hazardous substances designated under section 101(14) of CERCLA; any chemical the facility is required to report pursuant to EPCRA Section 313; fertilizers; pesticides; and waste products such as ashes, slag and sludge that have the potential to be released with storm water discharges.
- 6. <u>Significant spills</u> includes, but is not limited to: releases of oil or hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under section 311 of the Clean Water Act (see 40 CFR 110.10 and CFR 117.21) or section 102 of CERCLA (see 40 CFR 302.4).

Note that additional definitions are included in the permit Standard Conditions, Attachment H.

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(12) Reporting requirements

- (a) Planned changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Agency as soon as possible of any planned physical attractions or additions to the permitted facility.
- Anterested reneemplance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Agency of any planned changes in the permittee facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- (c) Compliance scheduler Reports of compliance or rencemplance with, or any progress reports on, interest and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 1.4 days following each schedule data.
- idi Menitering reports. Monitoring results shell be reported at the intervals specified steriorism in this permit.
 - 111 Monitoring results must be reported on a Decharge Monitoring Report (DMR)
 - (2) If the parmittee mentions any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit, using test procedures approved under 40 CFR 138 or se specified in the permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the deta supmitted in the DMR.
 - (3) Calculations for all limitations which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an artithmetic mean unless otherwise specified by the Aleancy in the permit.
- Twenty-feur heur reserting. The permittee shall report any noncompance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be previded orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A winters submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause, the period of noncompliance, including exact dayes and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipeted time it is expected to continue, and steps taken or planned to reduce, alminists, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours.
 - (1) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - 21 Violation of a meanmum dealy decharge limitation for any of the pollulatios leated by the Agency in the permit to be reported within 24 hours.

The Agency may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within $24\ \text{hours}.$

- (f) Other nersemblance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (1/2)(c), (d), or (e), at the nine monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information tested in paragraph (1/2)(e).
- (g) Other infermation. Where the permittee becomes aware that it faled to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application, or in any report to the Agency it shall promotly submit such facts or information.
- (13) Transfer of permits: A permit may be autometically transferred to a new permittee if
 - (a) The current committee notifies the Agency at less! 20 days in advance of the proposed transfer date.
 - b) "he notice includes a written agreement between he existing and new permittees containing a specific data for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and lebility between the current and new permittees, and
 - ic) The Agency does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and resalie the permit of the notice is not received, the transfer a effective on the date specified in the agreement.
- (14) All manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Agency as anon as they know or have reason to believe.
 - (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant identified under Section 307 of the Clean Water Act which is not immed in the permit. If that Jacharge will exceed the highest of the following nonfication lines:
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per inter (100 up 9

- (2) Two hundred management per titler (200 up.6 for acronin and servicement, five hundred management car has (500 up.6 for 2,6dinates) and for 2-mathyl-4,8-dinatesphenol, and one malagem per titler (1) mg/8 for patenting.
- (3) Five (5) times the meanmain concentration value reported for that politicant in the NPDES parties assistation, or
- (4) The laver enablehed by the Agency in this permit.
- b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or menufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any their politicant which was not recented in the IMPGE point application.
- (15) All Publish Owned Treatment Works (PQTWs) must provide adequate nation to the Agency of the following:
 - (a) Any new introduction of pollutarits into that POTNy from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act of it were directly discharging those adjustmits; and
 - b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutanes being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutanes into the POTW at the time of equation of the points.
 - (c) For purposes of this paragraph, adequate natics shall include information on id the questiv and quantity of efficient introduced may the POTM, and lidany anacquated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of efficient to be decreaged from the POTM.
- (16) If the permit is issued to a publicity owned or publicity requisted treatment works, the permittes shall require any industrial later of such treatment works to comply with healthal registerments operating:
 - User charges pursuent to Section 204(b) of the Clean Water Act, and applicable requiesons appearing in 40 CPR 35;
 - Toxic poblished effluent standards and pretrictment standards pursuant to Section 307 of the Clean Water Act; and
 - (3) Inspection, mentioring and entry pursuant to Section 308 of the Clear Water Act.
- (17) If an applicable spanding or limitation is promisional under Social 301 fb1(2)(C) and (D), 304 fb1(2), or 307 fb1(2) and that efficient standard or immateon is more surrogent than any efficient limitation in the permit, or controls a pollutent net limited in the permit, the permit shell be promptly modified or revened, and residual to conform to that efficient standard or invitation.
- (18) Any authorization to construct issued to the parmittee ourseant to 35 ft. Adm. Code 309 154 is hereby incorporated by reference as a condition of this parmit.
- (19) The pervision shall not make any false obtained, representation or contriction in any appearable, report, plan or other decument submitted to the Agency of the USEPA, or required to be mentioned under the permit.
- (20) The Clean Water Act provides that any person who violetes a permit condition incommenting Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a civil penetry not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violetes. Any person who widfully or negligently violetes permit conditions implementing Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, or 306 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a first of not tess than \$2,500, nor more than \$2,500 per day of violetion, or by impresentation for not resp.
- (21) The Clean Weser Act provides that any person who faterine, tempore with or knowingly renders ineccurate any montering device or method required to be maintained under permit shell, upon comiction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by impresonment for not more than 6 menths per violation, or by back.
- 1222 The Clean Weser Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false stassment, representable, or carefucation in any record or other document submitted or required to be mentaged under the permit shell, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance shell, upon conviction, tie purselsed by a time of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by improgramment for not more than \$1,000 per violation, or by improgramment for not more than \$1,000 per violation.
- (23) Collected screening, shirten, shidges, and other solids shall be disposed of in such a marrier set to prevent entry of those wastes for runoff from the westes) into waters of the State. The proper authorization for such disposel shall be obtained from the Agency and is incorporated as part hereof by inference.
- (24) In case of conflict between these standard conditions and any other conditionful included in this parmit, the other condition(s) shall govern.
- (25) The parmyttee shall comply with, in addition to the requirements of the parmyt, all apparable provisions of 35 ft. Adm. Cods, Subside C, Subside D, Subside E, and all applicable orders of the Board.
- (26) The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit is held invalid, the remaining provisions of this permit shall continue in full force and effect.

Flow. 12-1-86)



ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI)

GENERAL PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORM WATER ASSOCIATED WITH INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY

(EXCLUDING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY)

OWNER/OPER	ATOR IN			, 		
AST NAME:	FIRST	Mi.	SEE INSTRUCTIO	NS) OWNER TYPE: (BEL	ECT ONE AND TYPE 'X')	
A				PRIVATE	COUNTY	STATE
MAJUNG ? ADDRESS:T				crty	SPECIAL DISTRICT	•
		·		— = <u>"</u> "		•
CITY:		\$7:1	229:	FEDERAL		
CONTACT PERSON:				TELEPHONE AR	EA CODE NU	MBER
FACILITY/SITE	INFORM	IATION				
	EXISTING FACILITY	NEW FACILITY	CHANC INFOR	SE OF GENERAL MATION PERMIT NO.:	IIL.R(0)0	,
FACILITY NAME:				OTHER NPDES PERMIT NUMBERS: : (IF APPLICABLE)		
MAILING ADDRESS:				TELEPHONE AR	EA CODE NU	MBER
CITY:		87: L	ZIP:	LATITUDE: 1 DEG. N (NEAREST 13 SECONOS)	IN. SEC. LONGITUDE: ([(MEAREST 13 SECONDS)	DEG. MIN. SEC
COUNTY:		SECTION: I		TOWNSHIP: !	RANGE:	
SIC OR DESIGNATED ACTIVITY CODE(S):	PRIMAR	7	2ND	3RD		4TH
RECEIVING WA	TER IN	ORMATIC)N			
DOES YOUR STORM V				T ONE AND TYPE 'X")		
WATERS OF THE STAT	• 0	R	STORM SEWER	OWNER OF STORM SEWER : SYSTEM:		
NAME OF CLOSEST RECEIVING WATER (IF KNOWN):						
			WHICH DESCRIE	SES THE CONCENTRA	TION OF POLLUTAN	TS IN
THE STORM WATER (DISCHARGE	57	YES	NO		
with a system designed to of the person or persons submitted is, to the best submitting false informati including the developma-	essure that q who manage to if my knowled- ion, including to it and implement ify that, to the	ualified personne he system, or tho ge and belief, true the possibility of antation of a Store best of my knowle	of property gather a se persons directly, accurate, and of fine and imprison m Water Poliution ledge, the storm w	prepared under my direct and evaluate the informati y responsible for gatheri prompiets. I am aware that i ment." In addition, I certif Prevention Plan and a Mo vater which is discharged	on submitted. Based on ig the information, the inf there are significant penu y that the provisions of the hitoring Program Pisn, w	my inquiry formation sities for he permit, ill be
APPLICANT SIGNATURE:		_		. กณะ	DATE:	
J.G. TATORE				. 11166		
MAIL COMPLETED FORM	to:	II I INOIR EMMA	ONMENTAL PROT	ECTION AGENCY	FOR OFF	ICE USE ONLY
(DO NOT SUBMIT ADDI		ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONT			LOG	
OCCUMENTATION UNI	£23	ATTN: PERMIT			PERMIT ILROO	
·		POST OFFICE B				
		SPRINGFIELD.			DATE	

This Agency is authorized to require this information under illinois Revised Statutes, 1991, Chapter 111.1.2, Section 1039. Disclosure of this information is required under that Section. Failure to do so may prevent this form from being processed and could result in your application being denied. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

Please adhere to the following guidelines to allow automated forms processing using Optical Character Recognition (OCR) technology.

- Submit original forms. Do not submit photocopies. Original forms can be obtained from:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Permits Section 2200 Churchill Road P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, IL 62794-9276 or call (217)732-0610

- Reports must be typed and signed. Do not staple.
- Center your information by typing within the allocated areas avoiding all lines which border the areas.
- Provide only one line of type per allocated area.
- Replace typewriter ribbons and clean as necessary to avoid smeared, faint or illegible characters.
- Use the formats given in the following examples for correct form completion.

	EXAMPLE	FORMAT
MAME:	Smith John C	Last First Middle Initial
·	Taylor J T Mfg Co	Surname First (or initials) and remainder
	LJ Trucking Co	Initials and remainder
SECTIO::	12	1 or 2 numerical digits
TOWNSHIP:	12N	l or 2 numerical digits followed by "N" or "S"
RANGE:	100	<pre>1 or 2 numerical digits followed by "E" or "W"</pre>
SIC CODE:	4231	4 numerical digits
AREA CODE:	217	3 numerical digits
TELEPHONE NUMBER:	732-9610	3 numerical digits followed by a hyphen and 4 more numerical digits
ZIP CODE:	62546	5 numerical digits only

Please print or type in the unshaded areas only

Approval expires 5-31-92

2F NPDES



United States Environmental Protection Agency Weshington, DC 20460

Application for Permit to Discharge Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

Public reporting burden for this application is estimated to sverage 28.5 hours per application, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate, any other aspect of this collection of information, or suggestions for improving this form, including suggestions which may increase or reduce this burden to: Chief, information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, or Director, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20460. 20503.

1. Outfail Location For each outfail, list the late	itude and lo	ngitude o	of its locat	ion to the r	nearest 15	seconds a	and the name of the receiving	weter.		
A. Outlall Number						D. Receiving Water				
(list)		. Latitude		C. Longitude			(name)			
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II. Improvements							iementation schedule for the			
in this application? The schedule letters, stipul	ations, cour	, but lie n	ot limited and grant	to, permit or loan co	t condition	nvironmen ns, admini	ntal programs which may aff strative or enforcement ordi	ers, enforceme	nt comp	itanos nai
 Identification of Conditions, 			2. Affects	d Outfalls	1 Outfails			<u> C</u>	Compliar	ice Dete
Agreements, Etc.		number	80U1	ca of disci	range		3. Brief Description of Proje	et (L req.	b. proj.
						L				
				_			6-18-98			
				-			6-10-90			
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				 ′		س. ر ۔	-ONLY REQUIR	e^{-}		
		~				7.M11	-UNDI I	_ —		
You may attach additional discharges) you now it actual or planned ache	itional shee have under idules for co	ets descr way or v	ibing any which you on.	y additions plan. Indi	al water picate whet	hor.	ANNUAL REPORT	which mor planned, and		

ill. Site Drainage Map

Attach a site map showing topography (or indicating the outline of drainage areas served by the outfall(s) covered in the application if a topographic map is unavailable) depicting the facility including: each of its intake and discharge structures; the drainage area of each storm water outfall, paved areas and buildings within the drainage area of each storm water outfall, each known past or present areas used for outdoor storage or disposal of significant materials, each existing structural control measure to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff, materials loading and access areas, areas where pesticides, herbicides, soil conditioners and fertilizers are applied; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal units (including each area not required to have a RCRA permit which is used for accumulating hazardous waste under 40 CFR 262.34); each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; springs, and other surface water bodies which receive storm water discharges from the facility.

	ed from the Front						
IV. Na	rrative Description of Polis	tant Sources					
A Fe	or each outfall, provide an estimate of the t	te of the area (include units) o otal surface area drained by th	f impervious e outfall.	eurfaces (including paved areas	and building	roofs) drained to	
Outfall	Area of Impervious Surface	Total Area Drained	Outfall	Area of Impervious Surface	urface Total Area Drained		
Number	(provide units)	(provide units)	Number	(provide units)	(provide units)		
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8. Pr	rovide a narrative description of a	ignificant materials that are or	amently or in	the past three years have been to	reated, stored	or disposed in a	
er	nployed to minimize contact by	these materials with storm w	eter runoff;	r disposal; past and present ma materials loading and access are	es; and the	ocation, manner,	
*	nd frequency in which posticides,	herbicides, apii conditionem,	and fertilizer	s are applied.			
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C. Fo	y each cutfall provide the locat	ion and a description of exist	ino structur	al and nonstructural control me	neuros to reci	uce mollutente in	
sto	orm water runoff; and a descripti	on of the treatment the atomi	water receiv	es, including the echedule and t	ype of mainte	nance for control	
	d treatment measures and the ut	timate disposal of any solid or	fluid wastes	other than by discharge.			
Outfall		•				List Codes from	
Number		Treatm	ert			Table 2F-1	
1			.*				
					!		
}							
V Non	stormwater Discharges			•			
A 10	ertify under penalty of law that the	ne outfall(s) covered by this ap	plication ha	ve been tested or evaluated for t	he presence d	f nonstormweter	
dis	scharges, and that all nonstorm plication for the putfall.	water discharges from these	outiali(s) ar	e identified in either an accomp	sanying Form	2C or Form 2E	
Name and	Official Title (type or print)	Signature			Date Sign	ed	
					1		
		[1		
B. Pro	ovide a description of the method	used, the date of any testing,	and the one	ite drainage points that were dire	ctly observed	during a test.	
							
		,					
VI. Sla	nificant Leaks or Spills						
		the history of significant les	ke or enille	of toxic or hazardous pollutants	at the facility	in the last three	
				e and amount of material release		5.0	
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Page 2 of 3

EPA Form 3510-2F (Rev. 1-92)

Continue on Page 3